THE TIMES FOUNDED 1886.

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

RUSSIA DISSATISFIED

AND JAPAN RESENTFUL;

News Coldly Received in Tokio and St.

Petersburg, But Envoys Scout Sugges-

tion That Hitch is Possible Now.

AS PEACEMAKER OF NATIONS

No Definite Steps Taken Yet to Secure Armistice---Intrigue

Against Witte Revived --- Work on Treaty

Began Yesterday.

The nature of the reception given to the peace news in Tokio Japan aroused apprehensions yesterday that the war might yet be resumed. Attention was drawn to the fact that the minutes of Tuesday's momentous session have not been signed, and it was pointed out that either side could still repudiate the agreement. Both plenipotentiaries, however, refuse to admit even the

The actual work of drafting the treaty has begun. A great many matters of detail have yet to be settled, but it is generally

No word has been received from Tokio concerning the im-

diplomatic victory coldly, and the court intrigue against the

believed that these can be disposed of amicably. Later informa-

ROOSEVELT HAILED BY ALL

TREATY BEING DRAFTED

THREE CITIZENS DECLINE TO ACT

Christian Not On the Committee.

THINK MOVEMENT NOT A WISE ONE

This is the Burden of Their Refusals - Mr. Royall Answers Judge Christian's Letter. Will Push Matter to a Finish - Statement Regarding Mr. Hancock.

The grand jury investigation has again become a lively subject of conversation the streets, because of the refusal the pure election committee of fifty. No since the farmous "Baughman report" was prominent has the election matwas prominent has the election matters created such a stir, and it now looks like a fight to a finish between Mt William L. Royall on one side, and those who say "leave the matter to the courts" on the other.

Mr. William L. Royall received on yesterday morning, in answer to his request that they serve on the committee of fifty, letters of refusal from Mr. James N. Boyd.

Mr. James N. Boyd, Mr. L. Z. Morris, Judge George L. Christian,

Mr. Boyd's Letter.

Mr. L. Z. Morris is now in Boston and could not be communicated with. The letters of both Mr. Boyd and Judge Christian are as follows: August 29, 1965. William L. Royall, Esq., Chairman, Richmand, Va.:

August 29, 1965.

William L. Royall, Esq., Chairman, Richmond, Va.:

My dear Sir,—Your letter of August 29th duly received, advising me that 1 had been appointed by my good friend Mr. N. W. Bowe, as one of the committee of fifty, citizens of Riehmond, for the purpose of securing fair and honest elections, and asking me to say whether or not I would serve on that committee. I can assure you that I appreciate the appointment, and also would be pleased to serve with you as its chairman, but after thinking the matter over seriously, I think we would be doing harm instead of good, as it tooks to me as if we would be casting reflection upon the courts of the city of Richmond, and especially upon Judge Witt and Commonwealth's Attorney Richardson, two officials that I have the highest regard for; therefore, I have to decline, but I can assure you that if there is anything that I can do for the good name of Richmond or to perpetuate the Democratic party, you can count upon me to do my share.

Thanking Mr. Bowe and yourself for the compliment you have paid me by placing my name on this committee, I remain Yours very truly.

(Signed) JAMES N. BOYD.

Judge Christian Replies. Judge Christian's spicy letter follows: "Richmond, Va., Aug. 29, 1905." "William L. Royall, Esq., Chairman, etc.,

"William L. Royall, Esq. Chairman, etc., City:

"My Dear Sir,—On reaching home last night, I found your favor with enclosure, advising me that in pursuance of a resolution adopted by a 'mass-meeting' of citizens held on the evening of the 19th, the chairman of that meeting (my good friend, Mr. N. W. Bowe), had appointed me one of a 'permanent committee of fifty citizens to have general charge of such measures as they may think expedient for securing to the people of Richmond fair and honest elections,' and asking me to say whether of not I would serve on that committee.

"I need not assure you of my very high appreciation of the compliment intended to be conferred by this appointment, and of my carnest sympathy with every movement which has for its objects the securing to the people of Richmond.

the securing to the people of Richmond honest and fair elections. But, after mature reflection, I have reached the conclusion that the work of the com-mitteeon which I have been appointed would result in harm rather than good to the community; and, for this reason only, I must decline to serve as a mem

Commends Court's Zeal.

only, I must docume to serve as a member.

Commends Court's Zeal.

"There have been times in the history of this city when 'vigilance' committees and other organizations of this character scemed necessary to preserve order and to secure-the proper enforcement of the laws, and during the existence of those perieds, as you know. I have a laways heen ready to lend a 'helping hand,' even though my contribution was but the 'widow's mite'; but, in my opinion, the present conditions surrounding us do not warrant the employment of any such 'extraordinary remedles.' Our courts are now well organized and equipped with all the machinery for the discovery and punishment of serime, and, as far as I can judge, they have manifested commendable zeal in the accomplishment of these ends. The natural, if not the necessary, tendency of all such movements as that in which you invite me to enlist is, I think, with all deference, to reflect on the courts, and, in some measure at lenst, to impair their influence in the community, and thus weaken or cripple them in the work for which they were created, and for which they are far better suited than any other organization known to me. Another objection to this movement which strikes me is that it is calculated to increase, rather than to dilay, any animosities which may have been engendered between the friends of the opposing candidates in the late aprimary election. In my opinion, the preservation of the Democratic party (which is synonymous with the advancement of the best interests of the State) demanda that every movement which might tend to keep allve strife and discord in the ranks of that party should be avoided as far as it is possible to do so,

"With sentiments of the highest regard for you personally, for the chairman of the meeting, to whom I owe my

gurd for you personally, for the chairman of the meeting, to whom I owe my appointment, and for the members of the committee with whom, for the foregoing reasons, I must decline to serve, I remain sir

main, sir.
"Your friend truly.
"GEORGE L. CHRISTIAN."
Mr. Royall Vigorous.
Mr. William E. Royall was asked last

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

YELLOW FEVER IN VICKSBURG NOW

Messrs. Boyd, Morris and Discovery of Two Positive Cases Causes Panic In City.

LITTLE CHANGE IN GENERAL SITUATION

One New Case in Pensacola, Fla. and One in Natchez-Plague Under Control in New Orleans-The Memphis Authorities May Sue Physicians.

	NEW (ORI F	ANS	
New c	a Support Book (BC/C)			46
	and white evidence			4
Total	deaths			27
New s	ub-foct.			13
NEW	CASES	ELS	SEWHE	RE.
Vicksb	urg, MI	58		Two
Natche	z, Miss			One
A CHARLES	ala Ela			One

(By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)
VICKSBURG MISS., August 20.—Dr.
John Guiteras, of the Marine Hospital
Service, this afternoon reported two postitive cases of yellow fever in Vicksburg.
The sickness is of a very mild type.
Local physicians first diagnosed the discase as yellow fever this morning, the
announcement creating somewhat of a
panic. The origin of the fever has not
yet been fixed. Both patients are white,
and neither has been out of town for
months.

New Case in Natchez.

(By Associated Press.)
NATCHEZ, MISS., August 30.—After 6 o'clck this evening one new case of yellow fever, which was reported convalescent, was discovered. Otherwise, there has been no change in the local yellow fever situation. The work of fumigation is being carried on in every home.

Situation in Pensacola.

Situation in Pensacola.

(By Associated Press.)

PENSACOLA, FLA., August 30.—One new cisc of yellow fever developed in Pensacola to-day. It was in the infected district, the patient being a tailor who had quarters adjoining the building in which the first case was discovered. The case was found this afternoon and was pronounced by physicians to be yellow fever, All of the patients are doing well, and the fever seems to be a very mild form.

The citizens do not seem to be panie stricken, as in former years, though a carried perhaps one hundred per-away. There were many also to noon, carried perhaps one numeral per-sons away. There were many also to take boats and go far up the bay in camp. Dr. Guiteras, the famous Cuban yellw fever expert arrived to-night from New Orleans and has been in consultation with Dr. Porter and the State health author-ities, He has as yet made no satement.

UNDER CONTROL IN **NEW ORLEANS NOW**

No Increase in Number of New Cases-Two Physicians , Stricken.

NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—The numher of new cases has hovered around the same figure for three days. Of the deaths, one is a young lady living on Melpomene Street, and the others lived

Melpomene Street, and the others lived down town.

The new feature of the situation out-side of the city was the development of two cases in Vicksburg, which were prenounced by Surgeon Guiteras. He

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

PRESIDENT TAKES UP

BIG EARTHQUAKE BOARD'S VERDICT FOR HENDRICKS

Charges of General Unfitness Against Professor Declared to Be Not Sustained.

NOTED CASE NOW SETTLED

Allegations Against Principal of · School Made By Rev. J. W. Ware and Others.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) CULPEPER, VA., August 39.—The de cision of the County Electoral School Board in the matter of the charges o general unfitness as a teacher brough against Professor T. W. Hendricks, principal of the Culpeper Graded School, by the Rev. J. W. Ware and others, was rendered late this evening and was as

follows:

"We, the County Electoral School Board find that the charges of general unfitness as a teacher as brought against Professor T. W. Hendricks are not sustained."

Signed;

J. W. BECKHAM,

CHAS. L. WAITT,

ORVILLE NALLE,

County Electoral Board,
This now noted case had its inciplency in certain charges preferred by Rev. J.

W. Ware against Professor Hendricks some months ago for "mallefously and unjustifiably" whilping his little son, Kenard, The trial on these charges before ard. The trial on these charges be Mr. C. W. Hall, Superintendent of Sci of unjustifiable, but not malicious whip

Since this verdict was rendered the trustees of the school re-appointed Professor Hendricks to fill his old position as principal. In the last several weeks a number of citizens signed a memorial to the County Electoral School Board representing Professor Hendricks as unfitted to be a teacher of youth. The result of this memorial is the verdict as above stated.

AMERICANS WATCH ECLIPSE IN AFRICA

Findings of Keep Commission Reflect Seriously On Conditions in Government Ofice.

PRINTING OFFICE CASE

(By Associated Press.) OYSTER BAY, N. Y., August 30 .-President Roosevelt probably will not make public the findings of the Keep Commission on its recent investigation of the government printing office before his return to Washington, as there are some questions connected with the manage-

questions connected with the management of the establishment which he wishes to look into further.

In the main point of inquiry, the contract made by Public Printer Palmer for the purchase of seventy-two Lanston typesetting machines, the President himself to-day authorized the statement that the contract would be allowed to stand. He was induced to make this announcement by the report which had reached him that rumors about the nature of the report of the Keep Commission were being used for stock jobbing purposes, and he determined to put an end to this at once.

once.
It is known that the finding reflect seriously on the situation in the big printery. The whole establishment is said to be divided into cliques and it is understood that the findings of the commission deal with this situation positively.

Numerous Photographs Taken By Members of Expeditions.

Weather Fine.

(By Associated Press.)
TRIPOLL, August 30.—The American Italian and French expeditions observed the cellpse here to-day in a clear atmosphere. It lasted three minutes and four seconds. The shadow bands were particularly fine, beginning ten minutes before the totality. Bailey's beads were not seen. The corona was evenly developed. Professor Todd, of Ambersi College, head of the function, took numerous photographs.

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Press.)
GUELMA, ALGERIA, August 30.—The American astronomical expedition headed by Rear-Admiral Chester, superintendent of the United States Naval Observatory, succeeded in obtaining a splendid photograph of the cellipse of the sun. The expedition also, by mens of special apparatus, sketched the sun's protuberances.

Pastor Knight Returns To-day. Ror. Ryland Knight, pastor of Calvary Ban-tist Church, who has been sojourning in Europe for the past two months, will reach Richmond for the past two months, will reach Richmond to-day, and will fill his pulpit Sunday at both

THE TOTAL ECLIPSE.

Buildings Shaken and People Rushed in Terror From Houses.

QUEER PRANKS OF TORNADO

Demolished Score of Houses in Pennsylvania, But Caused No Fatalities.

eries of earthquake shocks, the most severe ever experienced in this section. were felt here late this afternoon. Build ings trembled perceptibly; dishes were shaken from shelves, and in many cases ceople rushed in terror from their houses into the streets.

There were three distinct shocks, and n each instance the tremer was accompanled by a sound like a distant ex-plosion. The first impression was that the powder magazine at the navy yard had exploded, and hundreds of queries along this line were received at the yard. There had been no explosion, however, and the shocks were felt along the entire New Hampshire coast line.

Tornado in Pennsylvania.

(By Associated Press.)

SCRANTON, PA., August 30.—A tornado struck the northern part of Carbondale at 8:50 to-night and demolished a score of houses, barns and railroad ears, but fortunately caused no fatall-

ties.

The storm came from the west and whirled towards the east, having a path of 200 feet, its center had the ancearance of a furnel-shaped cloud, not black, but luminous. There was no accompaniment of lightning, thunder or rain, and the stars were shining lumediately before and after it possed. A peculiarity of its effect was that adjoining buildings were blown in diametrically opposite directions.

William Pope, his wife and two children, of Green Street, had the most thrilling experience thus far related. Their home was pleked up by the wind and after being earlied forly feet, was hurled against the residence of Mrs. William Chine. The Pope house was completely denollabed, yet no one was severely injured.

The pranks of the storm seem almost incredible. A barn was blown away and a cow, which it housed, was left unharmed, lying on the floor calmiy chewing her cad. A horse was found bruised and malmed on the porch of its awner's residence. 200 feet from the demolished barn in which it had been stabled.

A Sudden Home-Coming.

A Sudden Home-Coming. A Sudden Fronte-Config.

Dr. Ryland Knight, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, who has been spending two matches in Europe, made an unexpected appearance in the prayer meeting held list night. He was received with open arms by those present, all of whom were delikited to welcome their beloved pastor back to the elty and his home. Dr. D. W. Key, who has been supplying so arceptably during the absence of Dr. Knight, will return to his home in Greenville, S. C., to-day, Dr. Knight will fill his pulpit next Sunday as usual.

WANT HELP TO-DAY.

The 20 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows: 4 Trades, 1 Domestic, 2 Agent, 9 Miscellaneous

2 Salesman, 2 Office. This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

of Hague Conference.

Likely That Third Circular Note Will Be Issued By State

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) garded here as probable that Immediate ly upon the completion and final signa a renewed effort to secure another meeting of The Hague conference in accordtion to the powers last spring. Following the original proposition for a reas the powers that, in his judgment, further

The State Department has learned since then that nearly all of the powers addressed, while legally accepting the project, qualify their acceptance of the propconference should be deferred until the close of hostilities between Russia and There the matter has rested so far as the State Department is advised, and it will probably require the issuance and It will probably require the issuance of a third circular note to set the wheels in motion and bring about the desired conference. Any of the signatory powers might feel disposed to put forth such a note, but on the whole it is regarded as rather more probable that President Processority himself will compute the movenote, but on the whole it is regarded as rather more probable that President Roosevelt himself will complete the move-ment he has initiated, and soon after the return to Washington of Secretary Root will confer with the latter touching the issuance of the desired reminder.

WAITING FOR END OF WAR

WASHINGTON, August 30 .- It is reture of the treaty of peace there will be sent out a second circular note, notifying proceedings in connection with the call should be left to the resident council at

tion of Tuesday's session gives some idea of the scope of the treaty clauses. Particular interest attaches to the provision that Russia must pay to China \$75,000,000 for her interest in the southern portion of the Chinese Eastern railroad ceded to Japan. pression created there by the peace arrangement. Contrary to general expectation, the Russian government has received Witte's

President Will Make Move Immediately for Another Meeting

Department.

SUPREME COUNCIL OF

ROYAL ARCANUM MEETS

New Rates-To Give Pub-

lic Hearing.

ing was held here to-day. After the

of the meeting was to give a public

Territorial Zones for Jews.

former Minister of Finance has been renewed with more bitterness than ever. A general feeling of dissatisfaction is manifested in many quarters, though the Emperor is said to be satisfied. Nothing definite has been done yet toward securing an armistice. It is regarded as possible that a truce will be arranged upon

possibility of such a happening.

the field by the rival commanders in Manchuria. Throughout the world President Roosevelt is being hailed as peacemaker of the nations. Messages of congratulation are being received at Oyster Bay from all quarters of the globe, from the crowned heads of Europe, and the diplomatic chiefs of many nations. From Carlsbad comes the news that the Nobel prize for peace will probably be awarded to the President next year.

WORK OF DRAFTING TREATY OF PORTSMOUTH HAS BEGUN

(By Associated Press.)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., August 30 .-Actual work of drafting the "Treaty of

Actual work of drafting the "Treaty of Portsmouth" began to-day. It is being done by M. de Martens and Mr. Dennison, acting as legal advisers for the respective sides.

While the "bases" of peace have been accepted by the plenipotentiaries, considerable detail remains to be worked out in the elaboration of the articles of the treaty. This is especially true in regard to the articles dealing with the Chinese Eastern Railway and the surrender of the leases of the Liao Tung Peninsula and Port Arthur and Tallen Wan (Dainy). M. Pokotlloff, the Russian minister to Pekin, who was formerly manager of the Pekin, who was formerly manager of the Russo-Chinese Bank at Pekin, and who has intimate knowledge of all the details relating to these matters, is assisting M. de Martens.

Neither Side Satisfied.

A very anomalous situation exists as to the impression created by the conclusion of peace. While the outside world applauds, in Japan there is evidently great disappointment in the terms, and in Russia, where it would seem that there should be universal rejoiding over the great diplomatic victory M. Witte has won, the government seems to have received it coldly.

With the people it will make M. Witte a great and popular figure and add to his laurels, but at court evidently the very victory M. Witte has achieved sion of peace. While the outside worl

BURGLARS TOOK STEEL SAFE, JEWELS AND ALL

Left Message Saying They Would Receives Many Protests Against Destroy House if They Were Captured.

(By Associated Press.) STAMFORD, CONN., August 50.—A steel safe of considerable weight, which (By Associated Press.)
PUT-IN BAY, O., August 30.—The first session of the special meeting of is understood to have contained \$150 in the Supreme Council of the Royal Arcash and lewelry valued at over \$20,000 canum to hear protests from delegates mysteriously disappeared from the representing a number of States relamer residence of Paul Bonner at Nirtive to the recent advance in assessment rates made at the Atlantic City meetvana-on-the-Sound, near Sound Beach during last night. The family believe preliminary business a large number of petitions and remonstrances regarding that burglars ntered the house through a window on the lower floor and con the new rates were presented, some favveyed the safe to the shore and placed it oring the new rates, the majority proaboard a vessel. testing against them. The sentiment

It was tearned to-night that one of Mr. Bonner's servants found a note in hearing to the opposing delegates, and a meeting for this purpose was held this evening. the place from which the safe was removed, which read as follows:

"If we are deprived of our freedom this place will be in ruins."

(fly Associated Press.)
ST. PETERSBURG, August 30.—It has been decided to form territorial zones for the Jews, and lists are now being drawn up of new townships and villages, where they will be permitted to live. The writing is in a scrawling hand, on a small piece of paper. It is in the hands of the police, who say to-night that so far they have been unable to find a single clue upon which to work.

makes it all the more bitterly resented. It is in open secret that when the Emperor appointed M. Witte chief plenipotentiary, the "military party" expected him to fall. They did not want pence and it was freely predicted in St. Petersburg when M. Witte left that he had been given an impossible mission. They expected him to fall in the negotiations or to make a "bad peace" and either would have spelled political ruin, Instead, upon the very terms upon which the Emperor told Mr. Meyer he would make peace, and upon which the military party did not believe it possible for peace to be negotiated, M. Witte succeeded in securing a treaty, honorable, and under the circumstances, favorable to Russia. This has evidently only exasperated his enemies the more, and intrigue sagain at work to discredit him. Since Japan is in a conciliatory mood they stuck to the end to his original declara-ion not to cede territory or give indem Alarm Now Felt.

makes it all the more bitterly resented.

Alarm Now Felt.

Not a word or a line about the receipt of the news comes out of Japan. In view of the situation, both at Toklo and St. Petersburg, alarmists are diclined to make much of the fact that the minutes of yesterday's fateful meeting have not been signed by the plenipotentiaries of the two powers. It is pointed out that either side could still repudiate the agreement, but both plenipotentiaries refuse to admit even the pessibility of such a hoppening.

happening, The following statement of the Japan-

The following statement of the Japansese argument which governed their decision to waive the question of inlemnity can be accepted as authoritative:

Japan realized fully she was making a sacrifice for peace, but she was looking to the future. It was not a question of whether the war could be successfully continued, but of whether peace was not now more advantageous to Japan, Japan had already gained all she fought for. It was only the "spoils of war" for. It was only the "spoils of war" that remained, and having achieved the real objects of the war, she could afreal objects of the war, she could at-ford to forego the spoils rather than be placed in the position of fighting for money. While Japan believed she was entitled to the spoils, she felt that her position was so strong, her successes so complete, that she could yield without detracting from the force of her vic-tory.

RECEIVED COLDLY IN ST. PETERSBURG

Emperor Pleased But Government Officials Appear Dis-

satisfied. (By Associated Press.)

ST. PITCHESBURG, August 30.—The peace news was received here without any manifestations of joy. The city shows absolutely no evidence of the receipt of the tidings. It can safely be said, however, that the general feeling among the more intelligent classes is (By Associated Press.)